# HAITONG

**Factsheet: April 2025**

## White Fleet III * - Haitong Aggressive Fund

*** UCITS Structure**

**Share Class: A**
**ISIN**:LU1549408398

### Summary Risk Indicator

| Lower risk | | | | | | Higher risk |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Typically lower rewards | | | | | | Typically higher rewards |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | **4** | 5 | 6 | 7 |

## INVESTMENT GOAL

The aim of Haitong Aggressive Fund is to achieve a higher long-term return than the European markets incurring on similar market level of risk. The fund must include at least 80% of investment on European equity and it is allowed to invest up to 20% in other equity markets or other asset classes.

## INVESTMENT POLICY

1. Assessment of the macro-economic outlook
2. Definition of the appropriate risk level for each context
3. Identification of the vehicles that, overall, provide the desired risk level: (i) liquidity; (ii) individual shares (iii) ETFs as they have daily liquidity and availability
4. Continuous review of the assessment made

## ASSET ALLOCATION

### Portfolio Breakdown

**HAITONG AGGRESSIVE FUND (30th April)**

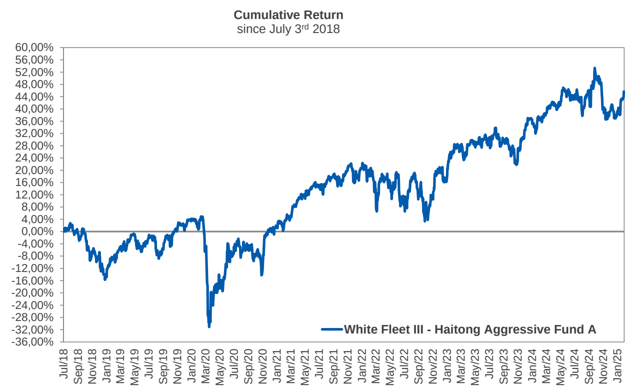
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **EQUITY TOTAL** | **98,2%** | |
| TRACKERS EUROPE | **61,1%** | |
| XESC GY | 15,7% | ETF - EuroStoxx 50 - Europe |
| SREEEX GY | 6,3% | iShares STOXX Europe 600 Real Estate - Europe |
| XXSC GY | 4,7% | ETF - MSCI Small Cap - Europe |
| BRES FP | 4,2% | ETF - STOXX 600 Basic Resources - Europe |
| XCHA GY | 4,2% | ETF - CSI 300 - China |
| SX3PEX GY | 4,1% | ETF - STOXX Europe 600 Food & Beverage - Europe |
| TNO FP | 3,8% | ETF - Stoxx 600 Tecnology - Europe |
| CAC FP | 3,5% | ETF - LYXOR CAC 40 - France |
| IQQH GY | 2,8% | ETF - iShares Global Clean Energy |
| SXEPEX GY | 2,8% | ETF - iShares STOXX Europe 600 Oil & Gas - Europe |
| ESGE FP | 2,7% | ETF - MSCI ESG Leaders - Europe |
| DXS3 GY | 2,3% | S&P 500 Inverse Daily - US |
| IUSK GY | 1,9% | ETF - MSCI - Europe SRI |
| XCS6 GY | 1,1% | ETF - MSCI China UCITS - China |
| XSDX GY | 1,0% | ShortDAX Daily - Alemanha |
| STOCK PICKING EUROPE | **37,1%** | |
| MC FP | 2,4% | LVMH Moet Henessy Luois Vuitton - France |
| ASML NA | 2,4% | ASML Holding - Netherlands |
| OR FP | 2,1% | L'Oreal - France |
| SIE GY | 2,0% | Siemens - Germany |
| EDPR PL | 2,0% | EDP Renováveis - Portugal |
| ANE SM | 2,0% | Acciona Energias Renovables SA - Spain |
| ROG SW | 1,9% | Roche Holding AG - Switzerland |
| EDP PL | 1,9% | EDP - Portugal |
| BNP FP | 1,8% | BNP Paribas - France |
| TTE FP | 1,7% | TotalEnergies SE - France |
| REP SM | 1,7% | Repsol, S.A. - Spain |
| NESN SW | 1,6% | Nestle - Switzerland |
| SAP GY | 1,6% | SAP -Germany |
| KER FP | 1,5% | Kering - France |
| SAN FP | 1,4% | Sanofi - France |
| UBSG SW | 1,4% | UBS Group - Switzerland |
| AI FP | 1,4% | Air Liquide - France |
| STLAM IM | 1,4% | Stellantis N.V. - Italy |
| MBG GY | 1,1% | Mercedes-Benz Group - Germany |
| SCYR SM | 1,0% | Sacyr SA - Spain |
| BAYN GY | 0,9% | Bayer AG - Germany |
| VOW3 GY | 0,9% | Volkswagen - Germany |
| IFX GY | 0,7% | Infineon - Germany |
| ADS GY | 0,5% | Adidas - Germany |
| **CASH** | **1,8%** | |
| Cash | 1,8% | Cash |
| **TOTAL** | **100,0%** | |

### Statistics

| Statistics | White Fleet III Haitong Aggressive Fund A | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Last month** | **YTD (2025)** | **1 year** | **Since incep ann** |
| **Return** | **-1,73%** | **1,35%** | **-0,98%** | **5,04%** |
| Ann. Volatility | -- | 18,32% | 14,65% | 16,51% |
| Sharpe ratio (Rf = Euribor 12 months) | -- | -0,13 | -0,26 | 0,23 |

| | |
|---|---|
| % positive months since inception | 57% |
| UP value | 139,9 |

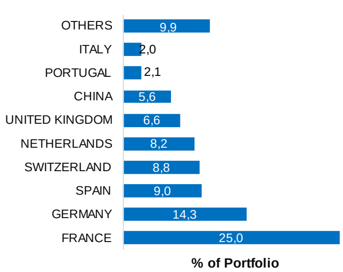
### Performance



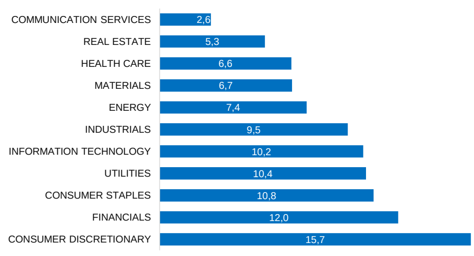

**Note:** The Fund replicates a strategy managed by Haitong Bank through individual mandates, since beginning of 2003, with an annualized return since inception of **9.3%** with and standard deviation of 16,8**%** in the same period.

### Portfolio Breakdown

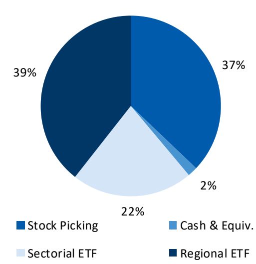
**Regional Allocation - Equity**




**Sectorial Allocation - Equity**




**Total Allocation**





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**Factsheet: April 2025**

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*** UCITS Structure**

**Share Class: A**
**ISIN**:LU1549408398

**Summary Risk Indicator**

Lower risk — Higher risk

Typically lower rewards — Typically higher rewards

| 1 | 2 | 3 | **4** | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

## OVERVIEW

April began with the announcement of new tariffs imposed by the Trump administration, which triggered major fluctuations in financial markets. Following the rise in US Treasury yields, the US government pulled back from its aggressive stance, leading to significant relief and a recovery in equity markets by the end of the month.

The threat of a new reciprocal tariff policy, announced by President Donald Trump, materialized on April 2nd, catching investors by surprise. Not only were the tariffs more comprehensive—affecting nearly every country—but they were also higher than anticipated, exceeding what might be considered reasonable within a framework of trade reciprocity. China's announcement of retaliatory tariffs further intensified the impact on financial markets. This context led to a sharp and broad-based drop in equity markets (the S&P 500 fell more than 10% in just a few days), a widening of credit spreads, and a steep decline in government bond yields. Volatility rose substantially, but contrary to typical patterns, the USD depreciated against most currencies. This reflected doubts about the success of the new US policies, as investors realized the tariffs could trigger inflation and slower economic growth, making US assets and Treasuries less attractive. Under these circumstances, US Treasury yields rose rapidly, with the 10-year yield surpassing 4.5%. The severity of the movement ultimately led to a postponement of the reciprocal tariffs—delayed by 90 days—though a minimum universal rate of 10% was maintained, along with the higher rates targeting China.

Markets then began a remarkable recovery, fueled by more conciliatory comments from President Trump regarding tariffs and the potential resignation of Federal Reserve Chairman Jerome Powell, as well as signs of easing trade tensions between the US and China. Nevertheless, equity markets ended April in negative territory, both in the United States (S&P 500 -0.8%) and in Europe (EuroStoxx50 -1.7%). Credit spreads widened across both Investment Grade and High Yield segments. The dollar weakened further—down 4.7% against the euro in April—and 10-year yields stabilized at 4.2% in the US and 2.5% in Germany. The ultimate outcome of the new administration's policy changes remains highly uncertain, as do the impacts of the tariffs on economic growth. Nonetheless, analysts continued to downgrade their growth forecasts for the year—IMF reduced its global growth projection for 2025 from 3.3% to 2.8%, mainly driven by the expected slowdown in US growth. Despite deteriorating sentiment indicators, there is no clear evidence yet of a slowdown in US economic activity. Job creation remains solid, and GDP contracted by 0.2% in Q1, primarily due to a sharp rise in imports (ahead of the tariff implementation), while consumption remains strong and investment surprised to the upside.
In Europe, the trade war introduced further uncertainty, and the economy remains sluggish, though it benefits from a scenario of lower interest rates—with the ECB now having room to cut the deposit rate below 2%. China's economy is expected to be the most affected, but Chinese authorities remain vigilant and are continuing to implement new measures to support consumption, the real estate sector, and technological innovation.

The performance of the Haitong Aggressive Fund was not immune to the market turmoil, declining 1.73% in April. In the first week of the month, we increased equity exposure by around 2.5% to take advantage of the market correction. In the second half of April, as equity indices recovered, we gradually reduced net equity exposure, ending the month at 55%. Additionally, we increased exposure to SAP, ASML, and LVMH. In the short term, some stabilization may occur, but it is likely that noise around tariffs and US fiscal policy will resurface. In this context, we remain positioned in European assets (and to a lesser extent, Chinese), as these regions still have room for further fiscal and monetary policy support—unlike the US, where the Federal Reserve is unlikely to adopt a more accommodative stance unless the economy (and labor market) shows clear signs of weakening.

## COMMERCIAL CONDITIONS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Inception Date** | 3rd July 2018 | **Subscription Fee** | not aplicable |
| **AuM (EUR M)** | 13,152 | **Redemption Fee** | not aplicable |
| **ISIN** | LU1549408398 | **Performance Fee** | 20% of the excess return over the Aggregate Benchmark, above the High Water Mark* |
| **Bloomberg Ticker** | WHFHTAA LX | **Management Fee** | 0,59% |
| **Fund Currency** | EUR | **Subscription Settlement** | D + 2 |
| **Investment Period recommended** | Long term | **Redemption Settlement** | D + 3 |
| **Initial Subscription** | not required | **TER (Total Expense Ratio)** | 1,91% |
| **Following subscriptions** | not aplicable | **PTR (Portfolio Turnover Rate)** | 138,1% |
| **NAV** | Daily | | |
| **Domicile** | Luxembourg | | |

*80% MSCI Euro (PI) and 20% FTSE 3-Month Euro Eurodeposit

D is the day in which the order is placed (cut-off time – 12h)

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